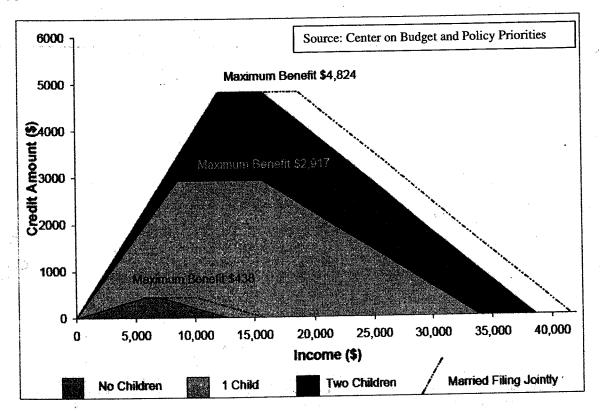
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| EXHIBIT | NO |
| DATE | 1.29.09 |
| BILL NO | SB 259 |

Value of Federal Earned Income Tax Credit, 2008



Earned Income Tax Credit

January 29, 2009

The earned income tax credit (EITC) supplements earnings for low-income working families. The credit equals a fixed percentage of earnings until the credit reaches a maximum; both the percentage and the maximum credit depend on the number of children in the family.

Maximum federal credits in 2009 are \$457 for workers with no children, \$3,043 for families with one child, and \$5,028 for those with two or more children. Larger families get no additional credit. The credit stays at that maximum as income rises up to the phase-out threshold, above which the credit falls with each additional dollar of income until it disappears entirely.

The phaseout begins at a higher income for married couples than for single parents. The credit is fully refundable: any excess beyond a family's income tax liability is paid as a tax refund.

The table below summarizes the EITC parameters in 2009.

| Number of children | Credit rate (percent) | Income level for maximum credit | Maximum credit | Phase-out rate (percent) | Phase-out range* | |
|--------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|------------------|---------------|
| | | | | | Beginning income | Ending income |
| None | 7.65 | 5,970 | 457 | 7.65 | 7,470 | 13,440 |
| One | 34 | 8,950 | 3,043 | 15.98 | 16,420 | 35,643 |
| Two or more | 40 | 12,570 | 5,028 | 21.06 | 16,420 | 40,295 |

^{*}The phase-out range for married couples begins and ends \$3,120 higher than the values listed in this table. All dollar levels are adjusted annually for inflation.

Source: Urban Brookings Tax Policy Center

